

Arzt, Patient und Maschine

Wie wird KI die therapeutische
Beziehung beeinflussen?



Sassan Sangsari

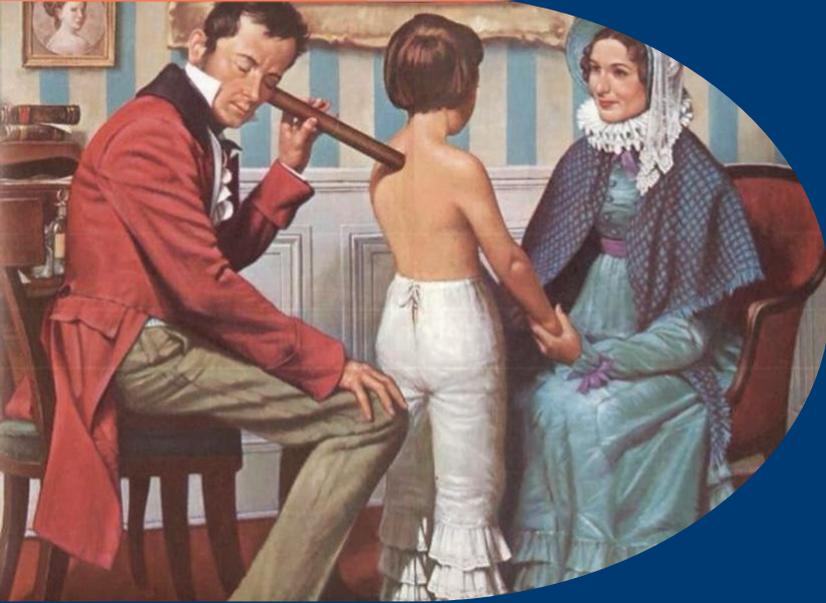


○ Philosophie

○ Medizin

○ Technologie

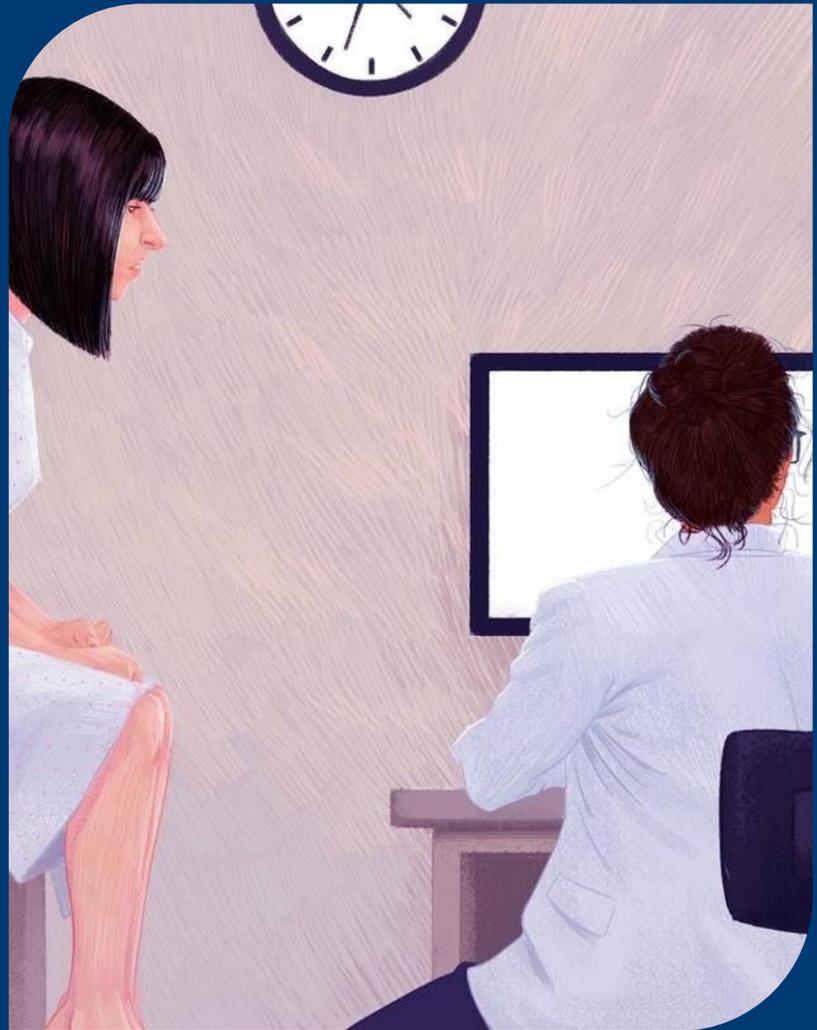
Technologie damals



In 1834 schrieb die "Times of London" über das Stethoskop:

"That will never come into general use, notwithstanding its value, is extremely doubtful; because it's beneficial application requires much time and gives a good bit of trouble both to the patient and practitioner; because its hue and character are foreign and opposed to all our habits and associations."

Technologie heute



Technologie morgen

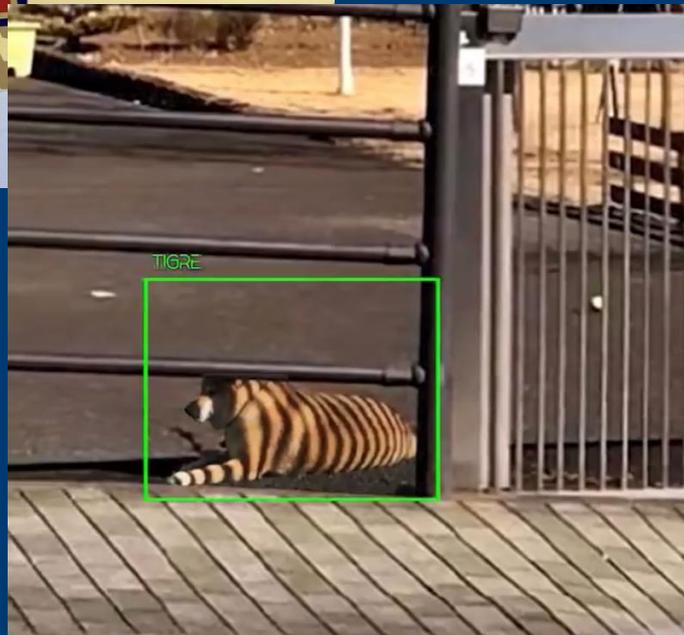
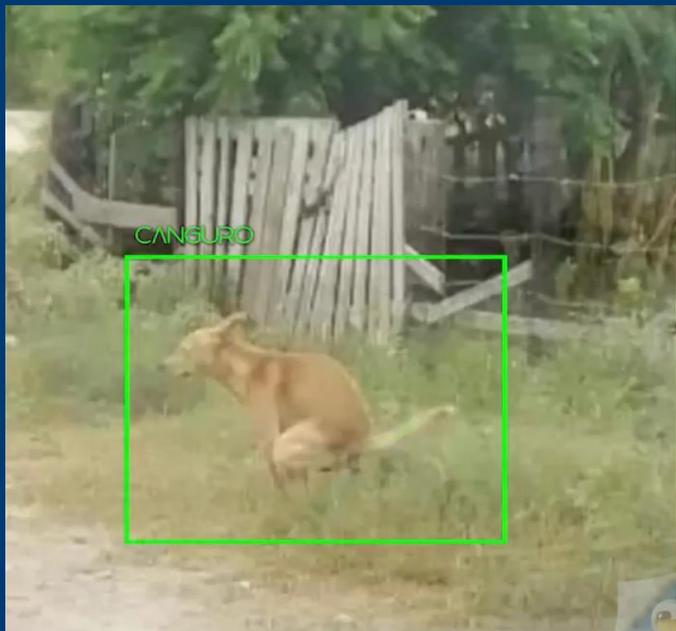


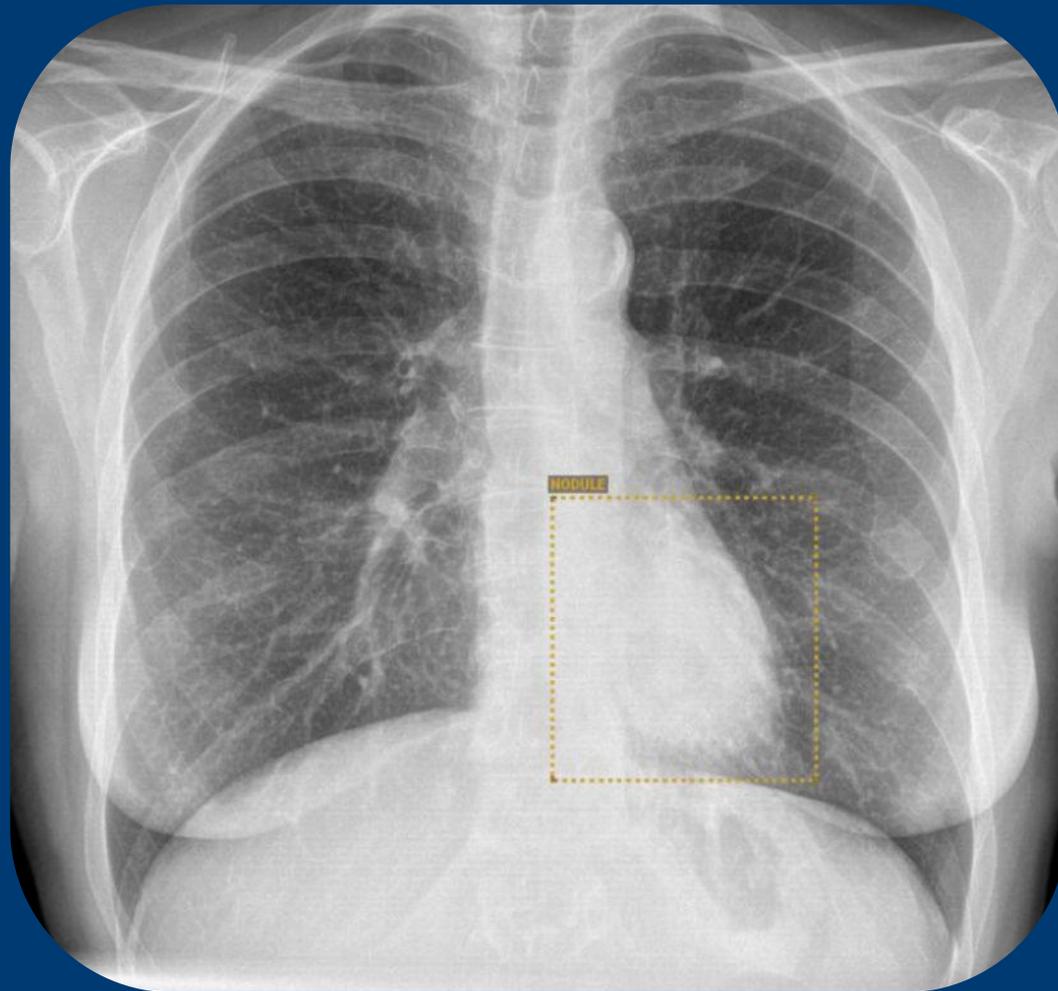
“Ahhhhh.
Mein Arm tut weh!!!”

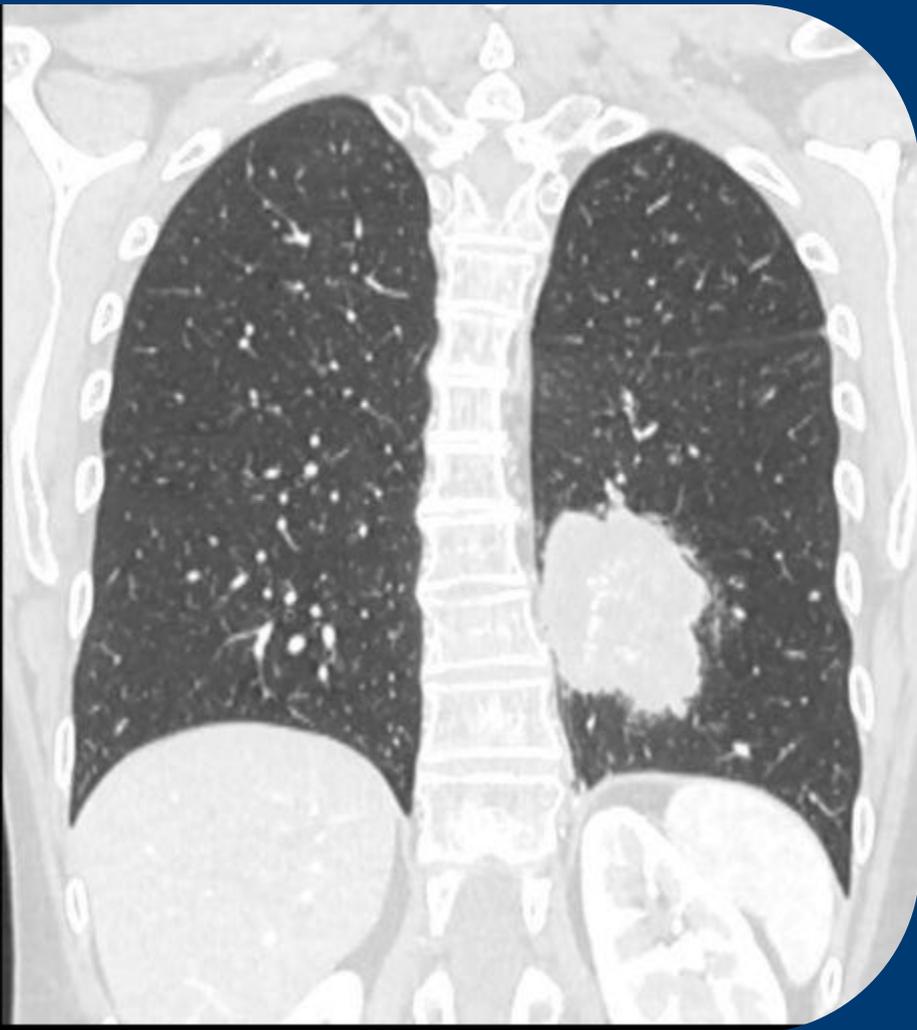


“Ganz klar.
Der Arm ist gebrochen.”









Mammographie

THE LANCET
Digital Health

Radiologe

KI

KI +
Radiologe

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Screening performance and characteristics of breast cancer detected in the Mammography Screening with Artificial Intelligence trial (MASAI): a randomised, controlled, parallel-group, non-inferiority, single-blinded, screening accuracy study

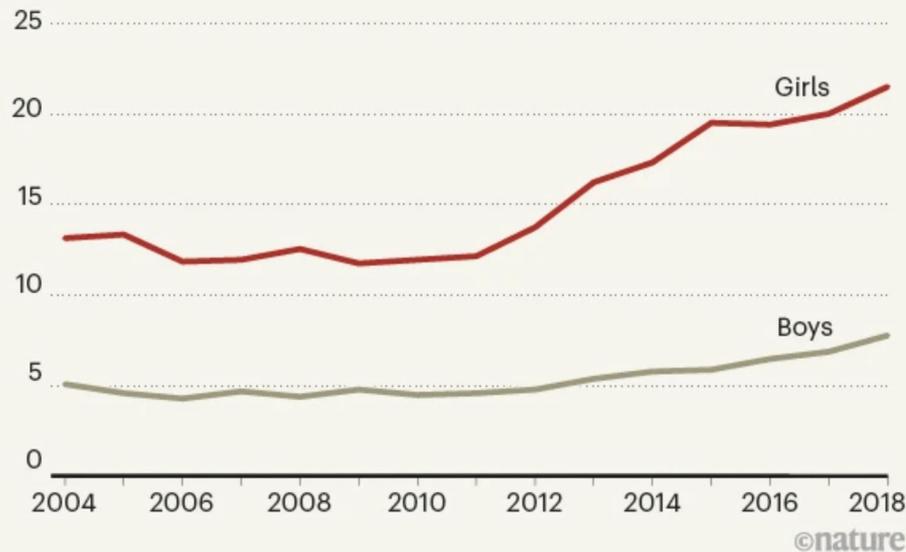
Brauchen wir überhaupt
noch Ärzte?

“The real problem of humanity is the following:
we have paleolithic emotions, medieval
institutions, and god-like technology.”

Dr. E.O. Wilson, Sociobiologist

Scrutinizing the effects of digital technology on mental health

US teenagers who have experienced major depression in the past year (%)

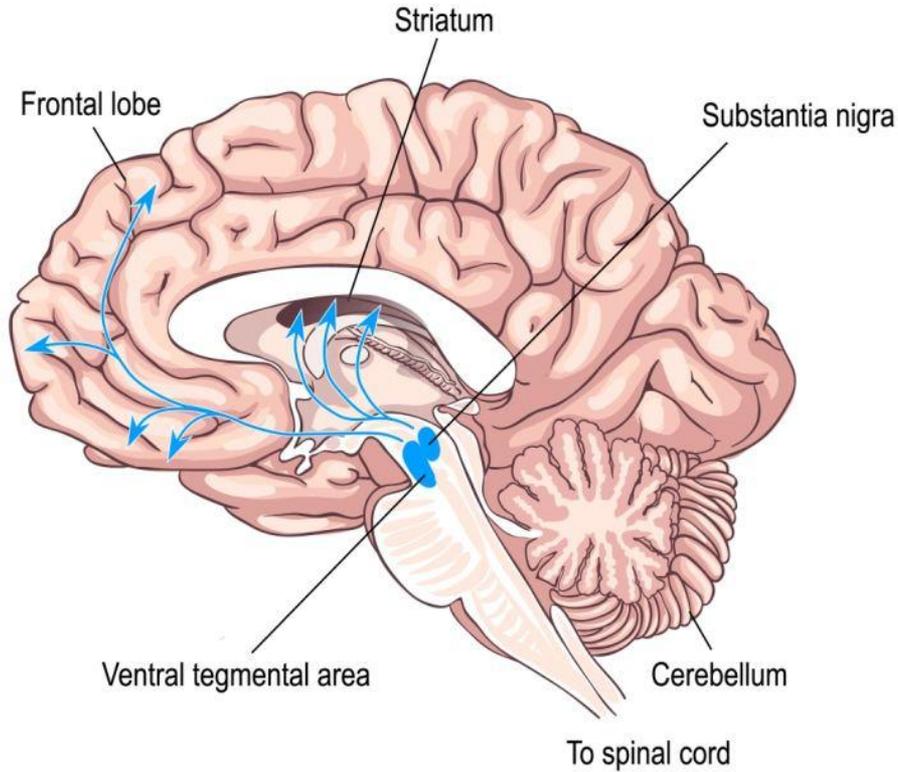


nature

| Vol 578 | 13 February 2020

Jonathan Haidt

DOPAMINE SYSTEM



“Tech giants are competing in a race to the bottom of the brain stem.”

Tristan Harris

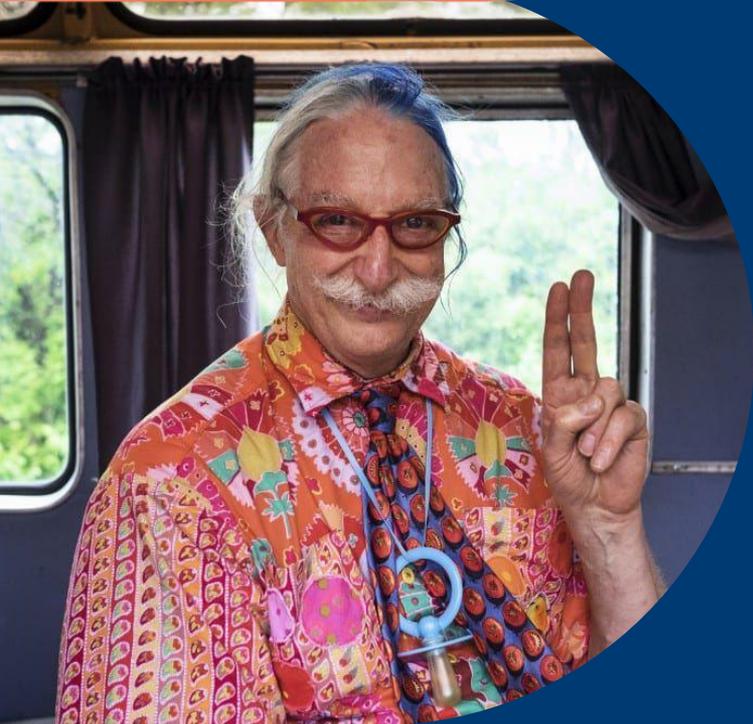
Center for Humane Technology



Anthropomorphisierung



Patch Adams



“At 18, I decided to be 6 qualities: happy, funny, loving, cooperative, creative, and thoughtful. These 6 qualities allow me to be an instrument for peace, justice, and care for all people and nature.”